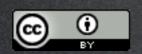
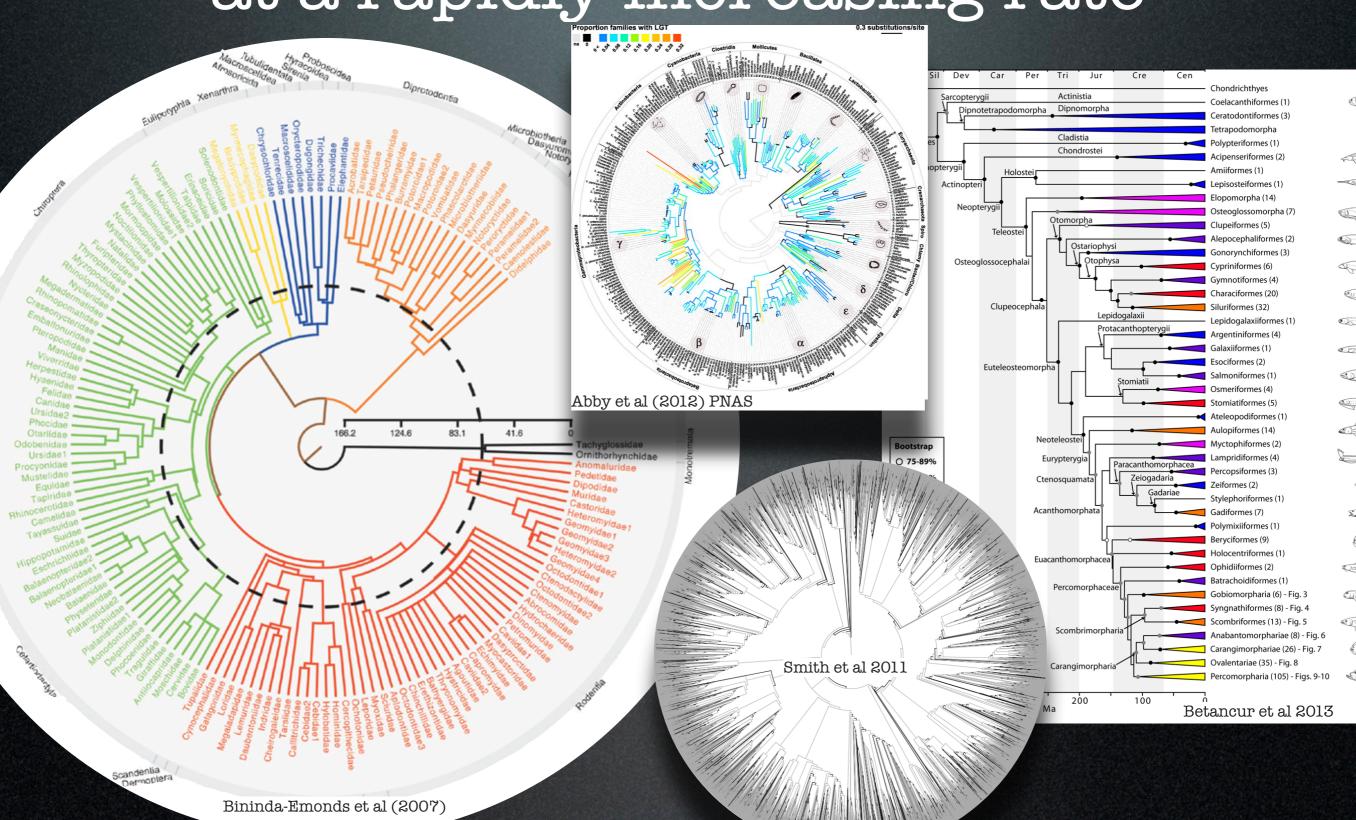
PhyloCommons: Sharing, Annotating, and Reusing Phylogenies

Ben Morris (University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill)
Hilmar Lapp (National Evolutionary Synthesis Center)

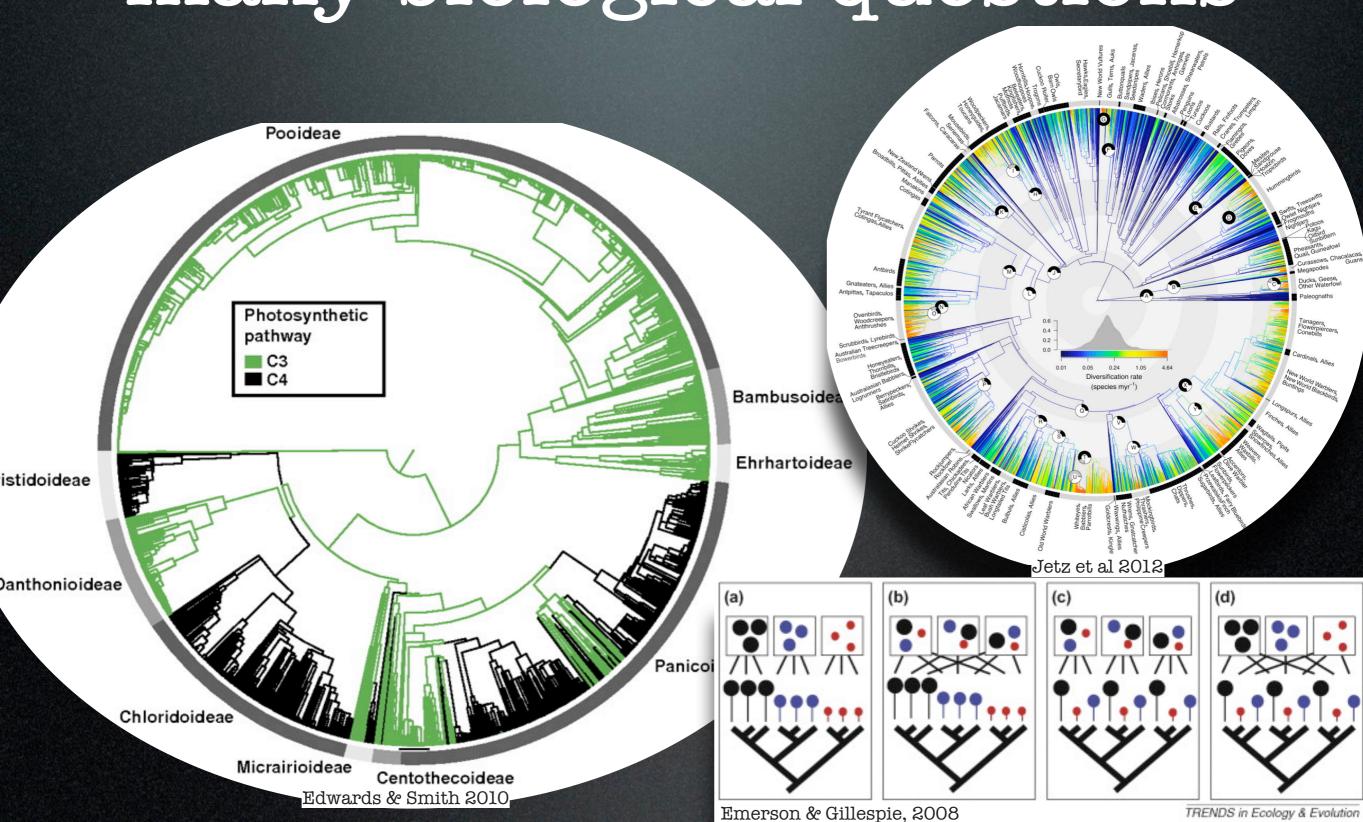




Phylogenetic trees are published at a rapidly increasing rate



Phylogenies are key to many biological questions



Reuse of phylogenies is nonetheless rare

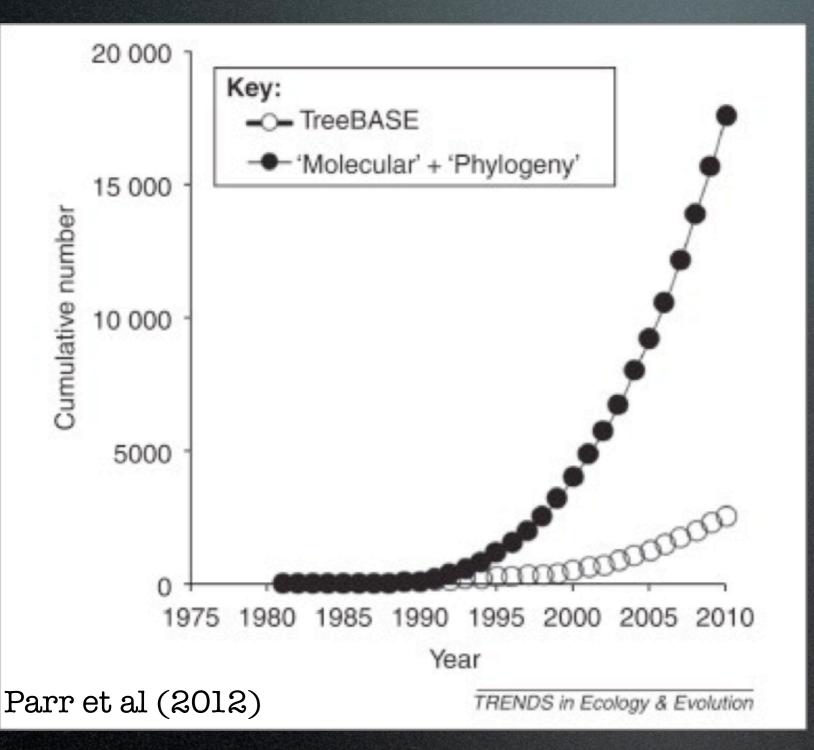
DATA NOTE Open Access

Sharing and re-use of phylogenetic trees (and associated data) to facilitate synthesis

Arlin Stoltzfus^{1*}, Brian O'Meara², Jamie Whitacre³, Ross Mounce⁴, Emily L Gillespie⁵, Sudhir Kumar⁶, Dan F Rosauer⁷ and Rutger A Vos⁸

"Most attempts at phylogenetic data reuse seem to end in disappointment."

Digital archival lags behind



Stoltzfus et al (2012): <4% of published phylogenies archived



Science

MAAAS

Files in this package

To the extent possible under law, the authors have waived all copyright and related or neighboring rights to this data. (c) ZERO DATA

Title Phylogenetic matrices and trees

Downloaded 116 times

Description Contained within this archive are the phylogenetic matrices and trees

generated for this study. NOTE: Please use revised_phylo.tar.gz, an updated

version of the data file that was added on 2012-11-15.

Download <u>phylo.tar.gz (2.352Mb)</u> <u>View File Details</u>

Download revised phylo.tar.gz (2.723Mb) View File Details

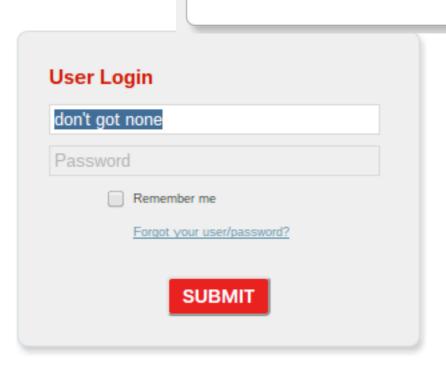
Title Assembled data generated for study

Downloaded 166 times

Description This archive contains the transcriptome sequences generated for this study.

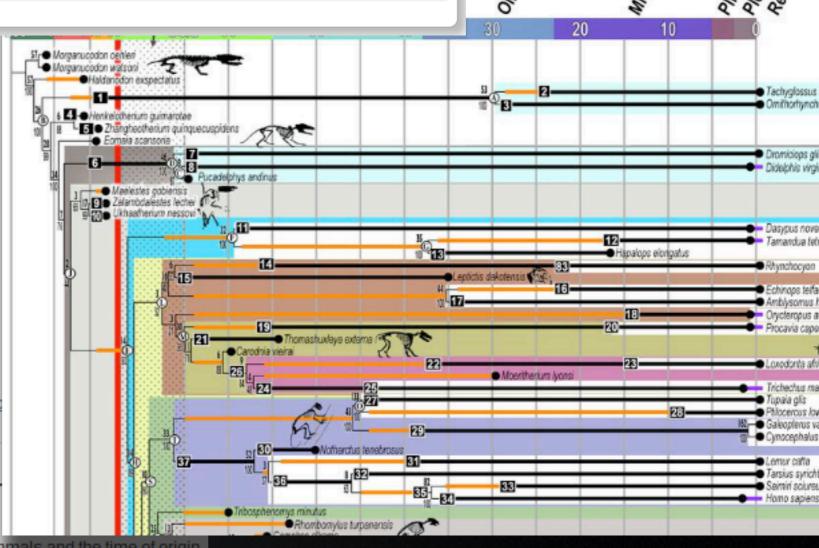
Download <u>assembled data.tar.gz (216.6Mb)</u> <u>View File Details</u>

Lack of archival is not the only barrier to reuse



Join/Subscribe Purchase Article Activate Member Ac

THE PLACENTAL MAMMAL ANCESTOR AND THE POST-K-PLACENTALS



enozoic

To discover interordinal relationships of living and fossil placental mammals and the time of origin



PhyloCommons is a community-edited, annotated repository of phylogenetic trees. It simplifies the reuse of published trees and aggregates knowledge about each tree that can be used to inform evolutionary analyses.

This is an alpha release; PhyloCommons may change rapidly before a stable version is released.

PhyloCommons uses semantic web technologies including RDF to enable quick, efficient reuse of trees. PhyloCommons leverages the open source BioPython project to convert trees in various formats into RDF. These trees are then stored in Virtuoso, a database optized for RDF storage. This makes common tasks such as querying for specific trees based on metadata (year published, reconstruction method) or creating subtrees from a list of taxa very efficient.

Make PhyloCommons better - you can contribute to PhyloCommons by:

- · Submitting new trees
- Adding or correcting metadata on existing trees
- Suggesting enhancements or reporting bugs
- Forking PhyloCommons on GitHub, adding new features, and submitting a pull request

PhyloCommons builds on tools that were developed at two Phylotastic hackathons.

View the list of contributors.

PhyloCommons is open source and is available on GitHub.

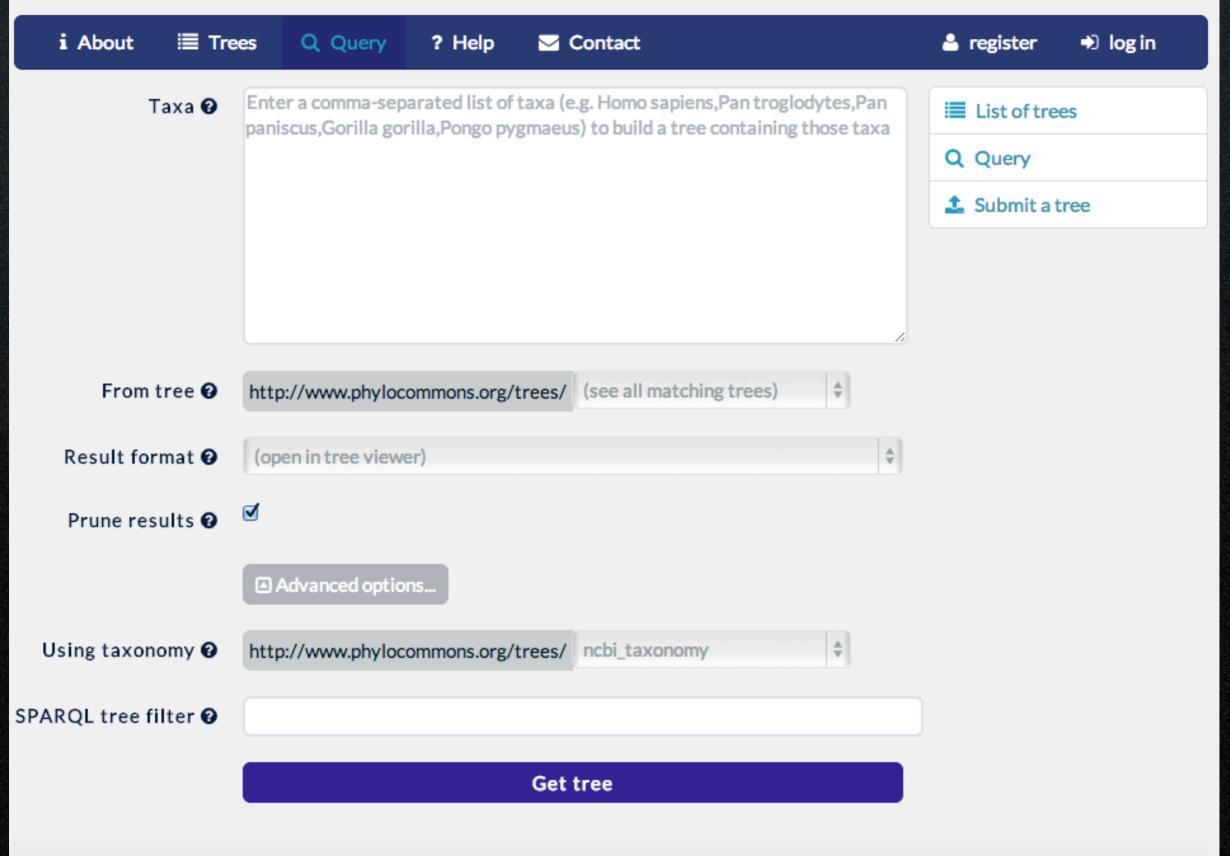
i About

i Source/Project Info

Contributors

Contact



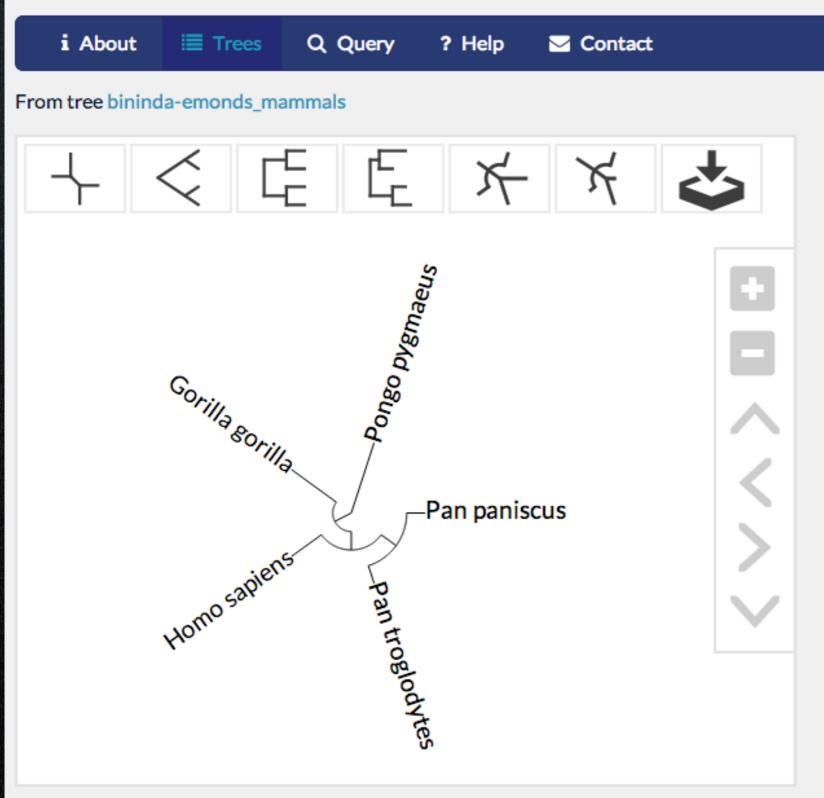




Q Query	? Help			å register → log in
		Matches		■ List of trees
		5/5	Get tree	Q Query
		5/5	Get tree	♣ Submit a tree
		5/5	Get tree	
		5/5	Get tree	
		5/5	Get tree	
		4/5	Get tree	
		4/5	Get tree	
		4/5	Get tree	
		3/5	Get tree	
		3/5	Get tree	
	Q Query	Q Query ? Help	Matches 5/5 5/5 5/5 5/5 5/5 5/5 4/5 4/5 4/5 3/5	Matches 5/5



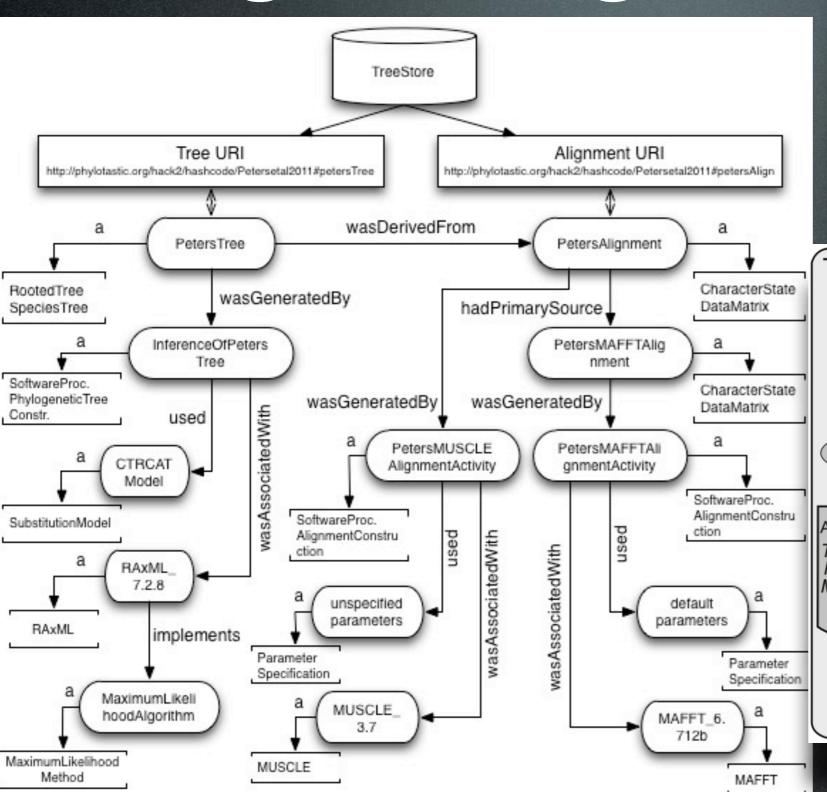
register

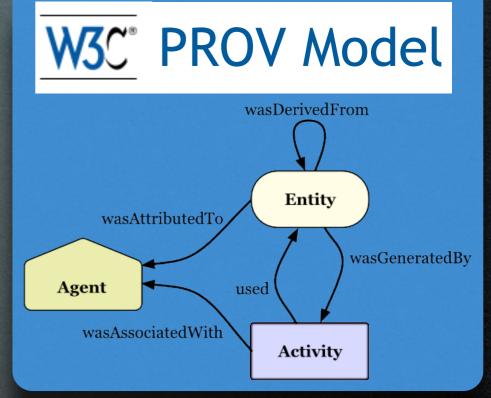


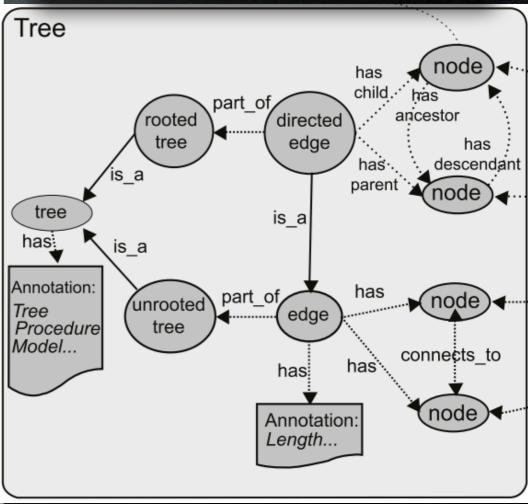
■ List of treesQ Query♣ Submit a tree

→ log in

Data annotation using ontologies







An example use-case

- Ben is an ecologist assessing phylogenetic community patterns in birds, using the North American Breeding Bird Survey (BBS).
- There are a total of 601 fully identified species in the BBS from 2006-2010. I need to know how these are related.

Example use-case: naïve approach

- Manually or with scripting match names from the BBS to the Jetz et al. (2012) bird supertree.
- Manually prune out unwanted taxa.
- Results in successfully locating 478 BBS species (80%) in the Jetz et al. tree.

Example use-case: using PhyloCommons

- With synonym matching, simply paste in unaltered list of species names
- Receive a phylogeny in any desired format containing 575 species (96%)
- Can also filter by additional criteria which trees will be searched
- Disambiguation step shows potential matches, select one to complete the query.

Acknowledgements

- HIP Leadership Team (organizers of the 2012 and 2013 Phylotastic Hackathons)
- Phylotastic Hackathon sponsors:
 NESCent, Biodiversity Synthesis
 Center, iPlant Collaborative

Try it out, and contribute

- Working instance: http://www.phylocommons.org
- Source code:
 http://github.com/bendmorris/phylocommons
- MIT licensed